Mammals Of The Great Lakes Region Revised Edition

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Mammals Of The Great Lakes

Mastodons and Mammoths in the Great Lakes Region, USA ...

the Great Lakes region) and the Atlantic coast (Figure 2B; Kurten and Anderson 1980; Agenbroad 1984) A third type, called the Jefferson mammoth (Mammuthus jeffersonii), emerged in the Midwest USA during the Middle Pleistocene, although its identity has been a topic of debate among paleontologists Some propose it to be a legitimate species (e

Great Lakes Net-Pen Commercial Aquaculture

Dr Craig A Stow, Scientist, NOAA Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory, Ann Arbor, MI 48108 I am a limnologist at the NOAA Great Lakes Lab where my research focus is the development of probabilistically-based models to guide decision-making I earned my Bachelor's Degree from Cornell University (1977), and my MS from

The Great Lakes Entomologist

1998 THE GREAT LAKES ENTOMOLOGIST 195 ADDITIONAL SIPHONAPTERA RECORDS FROM SMALL MAMMALS IN THE CENTRAL UPPER PENINSULA OF MICHIGAN William C Scharfl and Patrick E Lederle 2 ABSTRACT Fleas were collected from mammals during the period 1990-1992 in two upper peninsula counties Identified specimens were compared to existing

Climate-induced changes in the small mammal communities ...

The Great Lakes region encompasses a transition between northern boreal forests and more southern associations (eastern oak-hickory woodland, oak savan-nas, prairie) Over half of the approximately 80 native species of mammals reach their southern or northern distributional limits in the area (Hall, 1981; Baker, 1983; Kurta, 1995)

The Great Lakes Basin

Great Lakes region and European settlement steadily increased The opening of the Erie Canal in 1825, brought a new way to ship the white pine and other lumber of the Great Lakes to the eastern shores of America The Erie Canal also provided a way to move peo-ple and goods to the expanding regions around the Great Lakes and the Midwest

The Great Lakes Entomologist

The Great Lakes Entomologist Volume 9 Number 4 - Winter 1976 Number 4 - Winter 1976 Article 5 December 1976 Lice, Mites, and Ticks of Southeastern Wisconsin Mammals Omar M Amin University of Wisconsin-Parkside Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarvalpoedu/tgle Part of the Entomology Commons Recommended Citation Amin, Omar M 1976

ii SOLEC 96 - Nearshore Waters of the Great Lakes

of the Great Lakes Basin Ecosystem The Great Lakes basin ecosystem covers about 760,000 km 2 (USEPA and GC 1995), spans 9 o of latitude and 19 o of longitude, and lies halfway between the equator and the North Pole in a lowland corridor that extends from the Gulf of Mexico to the Arctic Ocean (Figure 1) The Great Lakes, which are the most

4.2 MA 1 - Great Lakes Islands Management Area Summary of ...

The Great Lakes Islands management area (MA) consists of the Fox Island group and the Beaver Island group in northern Lake Michigan and Bois Blanc Island in northern Lake Huron (Figure 411) All of the islands, except Bois Blanc, are wildlife research areas administered by Wildlife Division Timber on Beaver Island is managed for wildlife habitat

New and Emerging Organophosphorus and Brominated Flame ...

Great Lakes Herring Gull Monitoring Program (GLHGMP) program started in 1974 by collecting herring gull eggs from 15 colonies in the Great Lakes to monitor contaminants 10-13 individual eggs (in spring) from all 15 GLHGMP sites spatial and temporal trends have been monitored in the herring gull eggs for various environmental pollutants:

PowerPoint Presentation

Habitat: lakes, rivers and resemDlrs Origim China Irteresting Fact Bighead carp eat up to 20% of their body weight per day Carp are currently in water- ways connected to the Great Lakes and humans are trying to ensure that the fish do not establish a permanent pres- ence in this ecosystem Nw-ne: Hypophthalmichthys nobilis what? characteristics

Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act

the Great Lakes region but have restricted distributions outside the region (Figure 1) Four other species, the Wood Turtle, Queen Snake, Common Map Turtle, Spotted Turtle, are widely distributed both within and outside the Great Lakes region (Figure 1) Thus, these species

Great Lakes Training Program Reference Manual

Delta Institute Great Lakes Basic Training Water Use Great Lakes Facts 19 Delta Institute Great Lakes Basic Training Great Lakes Facts 20IL Water Use Illinois Great Lakes Water Use (ground and surface water) 2,052 Mgal/day Withdrawn 1,307 Mgal/day Diverted 41, 0% 69857, 34% 1284, 1% 317, 2% 23387, 11% 10714, 52% Public Supply Domestic

A. GREAT LAKES REGION

Mammals Myotis septentrionalis Northern Long-eared Myotis Mammals Myotis sodalis Indiana Myotis Most land cover in the Great Lakes Region consists of agricultural lands and developed lands, followed by grasslands, wetlands, and forests (Fig 6-5) Compared

Protocol Uniform Great Lakes Sport Fish Consumption Advisory

The Great Lakes Sport Fish Consumption Advisory Task Force (Task Force) was created on an Studies of wild mammals and birds have correlated the observation of adverse effects to the presence of PCBs and pesticide related residues in tissues 105 • •114 115

Great Lakes Conservation Blueprint for Terrestrial ...

Great Lakes Conservation Blueprint, while further details of the technical methodologies are described in Brodribb and Jahncke (2003) and Henson and Brodribb (2004) There are six key design criteria for the Great Lakes Conservation Blueprint They are as follows: • It is important to account for the biodiversity targets that are being sustained

Conservation Guidelines for Michigan Lakes and Associated ...

as many reptiles, birds, and mammals, depend on lakes and their associated wetlands and uplands for survival However, most lakes in Michigan, including the Great Lakes, have been subjected to 1Current address: U S Fish and Wildlife Service, 2651 Coolidge Road, Suite 101, East Lansing, MI 48823

Range Changes of Mammals in the Great Lakes Region

in the Great Lakes system, depending on where the species originated and on habitat conditions prevailing in the area into which they ex-panded (P W Smith, 1957; Urquhart et al, 1957) There is a rather marked geographical barrier to the spread of mammals in the Great Lakes region, namely the Great Lakes them-

AMS RADIOCARBON DATES FROM PLEISTOCENE AND ...

moths and other Pleistocene mammals of New York State New York State Museum Bulletin p 241–2 Holman JA 2001 In Quest of Great Lakes Ice Age Ver-tebrates Lansing: Michigan State University Press Laub RS, editor 2003 The Hiscock Site: Late Pleis-tocene and Holocene paleo ecology and archeology of western New York State Proceedings of

Toxic Chemicals in the Great Lakes-2 of Two Activities ...

themes (fish, mammals, etc) is on a different color 2 Work in groups of three to four people to make a poster First assemble a reasonable food chain from the cards you have 3 Each group will be given one toxin card and all of the other cards the Great Lakes that probably reached there on air currents Use your maps to determine where